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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name

: Sikafloor®-410

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use

: Polyurethane coating, Product is not intended for consumer use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier	:	Sika Hellas ABEE
		15 Protomagias Street
		145 68 Kryoneri / Athens
Telephone	:	+30 210 81 60 600
Telefax	:	+30 210 81 60 606
E-mail address of person	:	EHS@gr.sika.com
responsible for the SDS		

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison Information Center + 30 210 77 93 777 Poison Information Center: 1401 (Cyprus)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

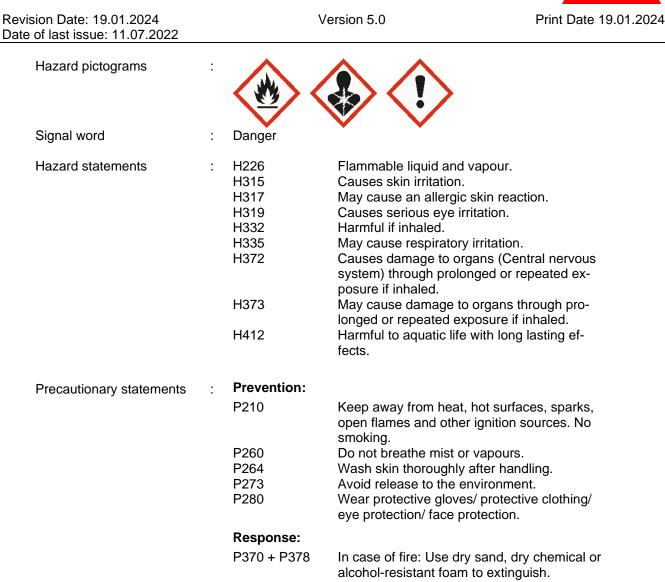
Flammable liquids, Category 3	H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.
Acute toxicity, Category 4	H332: Harmful if inhaled.
Skin irritation, Category 2	H315: Causes skin irritation.
Eye irritation, Category 2	H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin sensitisation, Category 1	H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory system	H335: May cause respiratory irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 1, Central nervous system	H372: Causes damage to organs through pro- longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated	H373: May cause damage to organs through pro-
exposure, Category 2	longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.
Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-	H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-
egory 3	fects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Sikafloor®-410

Print Da



Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%) Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers dibutyltin dilaurate

Additional Labelling

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Components

Components Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene	Not Assigned 905-588-0 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 25 - < 40
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aro- matics (2-25%)	Not Assigned 919-446-0 265-185-4 01-2119458049-33- XXXX [corresponding group CAS 64742-82- 1]	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT RE 1; H372 (Central nervous system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 EUH066	>= 10 - < 20
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers Contains: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate <= 0,3 %	28182-81-2 931-288-4 500-060-2 01-2119488177-26- XXXX	Acute Tox. 3; H331 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) Acute toxicity esti- mate Acute inhalation tox- icity (dust/mist): 0,5001 mg/l	>= 10 - < 20
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Contains: 2-methoxypropyl acetate <= 1 %	108-65-6 203-603-9 01-2119475791-29- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 2,5 - < 5

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dibutyltin dilaurate	77-58-7 201-039-8 01-2119496068-27- XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Muta. 2; H341 Repr. 1B; H360FD STOT SE 1; H370 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 0,025 - < 0,25
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice	Move out of dangerous area. Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attenda	ance.
If inhaled	Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.	
In case of skin contact	Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immedia Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.	ıtely.
In case of eye contact	Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water. Remove contact lenses. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.	
If swallowed	Do not induce vomiting without medical advice. Rinse mouth with water. Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious p	erson.
4.2 Most important symptoms a	effects, both acute and delayed	
Symptoms	Cough Respiratory disorder Allergic reactions Excessive lachrymation Erythema Headache Dermatitis See Section 11 for more detailed information on he	alth effects
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	and symptoms.
Risks	: irritant effects sensitising effects
	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment	: Treat sym	nptomatically.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Alcohol-resistant foam Carbon dioxide (CO2) Dry chemical
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Water High volume water jet
5.2 Special hazards arising from	the	e substance or mixture
Specific hazards during fire- fighting	:	Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.
Hazardous combustion prod- ucts	:	No hazardous combustion products are known
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective equipment for firefighters	:	In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.
Further information	:	Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures		
Personal precautions	:	Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Deny access to unprotected persons. Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentra- tions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

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6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions :	 Prevent product from entering drains. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.
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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up

: Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13).

6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling :	 Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see section 8). Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8. Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being used. Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the application area. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours). Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical products
Advice on protection against : fire and explosion	Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.
Hygiene measures :	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, incl	uding any incompatibilities
Requirements for storage : areas and containers	Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully re- sealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in accord-

ance with local regulations.



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Further information on stor- age stability	:	No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.
7.3 Specific end use(s)		
Specific use(s)	:	Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *		
Not Assigned	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
Further inform	ation: Identifies the	possibility of signi	ficant uptake		
through the sk	in, Indicative				
	STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
	TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	GR OEL		
chemical facto the likely contr of exposure to	rs of the table of pa ibution to of these of workers which are	ragraph of 1 articl	e 3, implies the quantity		
	STEL	150 ppm 650 mg/m3	GR OEL		
28182-81-2	STEL	0,02 ppm	GR OEL		
	TWA	0,01 ppm 0,075 mg/m3	GR OEL		
108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake					
through the skin, Indicative					
	TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/EC		
	TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	GR OEL		
Further information: The notation 'skin' (D), pointing out certain					
chemical factors of the table of paragraph of 1 article 3, implies					
the likely contribution to of these chemical factors to the quantity					
of exposure to workers which are absorbed through the skin at the					
direct contact with these.					
	STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	GR OEL		
	Further inform through the sk Further inform chemical facto the likely contr of exposure to direct contact 28182-81-2 108-65-6 Further inform through the sk Further inform chemical facto the likely contr of exposure to	Not Assigned TWA Further information: Identifies the through the skin, Indicative STEL TWA TWA Further information: The notation chemical factors of the table of pathe likely contribution to of these of exposure to workers which are direct contact with these. STEL 28182-81-2 STEL 108-65-6 STEL Further information: Identifies the through the skin, Indicative TWA Further information: Identifies the through the skin, Indicative TWA Further information: The notation chemical factors of the table of pathe likely contribution to of these of of exposure to workers which are of exposure to workers which are of pathe likely contribution to of these of pathe likely contribution to of these of of exposure to workers which are of pathe likely contribution to of these of pathe likely cont	Not AssignedTWA50 ppm 221 mg/m3Further information: Identifies the possibility of signi through the skin, Indicative100 ppm 442 mg/m3TWA100 ppm 435 mg/m3Further information: The notation 'skin' (D), pointing chemical factors of the table of paragraph of 1 articl the likely contribution to of these chemical factors to of exposure to workers which are absorbed through direct contact with these.STEL150 ppm 650 mg/m328182-81-2STELSTEL0,02 ppm 0,15 mg/m3108-65-6STELTWA0,01 ppm 0,075 mg/m3108-65-6STELTWA50 ppm 275 mg/m3Further information: Identifies the possibility of signi through the skin, IndicativeTWA50 ppm 275 mg/m3Further information: The notation 'skin' (D), pointing chemical factors of the table of paragraph of 1 articl the likely contribution to of these chemical factors to of exposure to workers which are absorbed through direct contact with these.TWA50 ppm 275 mg/m3Further information: The notation 'skin' (D), pointing chemical factors of the table of paragraph of 1 articl the likely contribution to of these chemical factors to of exposure to workers which are absorbed through direct contact with these.STEL100 ppm		



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*The above mentioned values are in accordance with the legislation in effect at the date of the release of this safety data sheet.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measures

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Personal protective equipment			
Eye/face protection :	Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166 Eye wash bottle with pure water		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap- proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu- facturer specifications.		
	Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes: Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0,1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed. Suitable for permanent exposure: Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.		
Skin and body protection :	Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345, long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionaly recommended for mixing and stirring work.		
Respiratory protection :	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work- ing limits of the selected respirator. organic vapor filter (Type A) A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Meth- ods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in par- ticular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.		
Environmental exposure contr	ols		
General advice	Prevent product from entering drains. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.		

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	liquid
Colour	:	various

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Odour	:	hydrocarbon-like	
Melting point/range / Freezing point	:	No data available	
Boiling point/boiling range	:	No data available	
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available	
Upper/lower flammability or o	axe	losive limits	
Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit	-		
Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit	:	0,6 %(V)	
Flash point	:	ca. 33 °C Method: closed cup	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	235 °C	
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available	
рН	:	Not applicable substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)	
Viscosity			
Viscosity, kinematic	:	> 20,5 mm2/s (40 °C)	
Solubility(ies)			
Water solubility	:	insoluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	No data available	
Vapour pressure	:	7,9993 hPa	
Density	:	ca. 0,95 g/cm3 (20 °C)	
Relative vapour density	:	No data available	
Particle characteristics	:	No data available	

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

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10.2 Chemical stability The product is chemically stable.		
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reaction	ons	
Hazardous reactions :	Stable under recommended storage conditions.	
	Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.	
10.4 Conditions to avoid		
Conditions to avoid :	Heat, flames and sparks. Avoid moisture.	
10.5 Incompatible materials		
Materials to avoid :	No data available	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition prod	lucts	
No decomposition if stored and ap	oplied as directed.	
SECTION 11: Toxicological infor		
11.1 Information on nazard classes a	as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008	

formation on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity
Harmful if inhaled.

Components:

reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:	
---	--

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.523 mg/kg

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers:

Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.665 mg/kg
Acute inhalation toxicity	: LC50: > 0,5 mg/l Exposure time: 4 h Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement
	Acute toxicity estimate: 0,5001 mg/l Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: ATE value derived from LD50/LC50 value

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity	:	LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg
Acute dermal toxicity	:	LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

dibutyltin dilaurate:

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Acute oral toxicity	: LD50 Oral (Rat): 2.071 mg/kg	
Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.		
Components:		
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alk	anes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)):
Assessment Result	 Repeated exposure may cause skin drynes Repeated exposure may cause skin drynes 	s or cracking.
Serious eye damage/eye irrit Causes serious eye irritation.	ation	
Respiratory or skin sensitisa	ition	
Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin rea	ction.	
Respiratory sensitisation Not classified based on availab	ble information.	
Germ cell mutagenicity Not classified based on availab	ble information.	
Carcinogenicity Not classified based on availab	ble information.	
Reproductive toxicity Not classified based on availab	ble information.	
STOT - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation	I.	
STOT - repeated exposure		
haled.	entral nervous system) through prolonged or rep	-
Aspiration toxicity		00.
Not classified based on availab	ble information.	
11.2 Information on other hazards	S	
Endocrine disrupting proper	ties	
Product:		
Assessment	: The substance/mixture does not contain con- ered to have endocrine disrupting properties REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delega (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation levels of 0.1% or higher.	s according to Ited regulation

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

reaction mass of ethylbenzene and xylene:

12.1 Toxicity

Components:

	reaction mass of ethylbenze	110	
	Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox- icity)	:	NOEC: > 1,3 mg/l Exposure time: 56 d Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates (Chron- ic toxicity)		NOEC: 1,17 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d Species: Daphnia (water flea)
	Hexamethylene diisocyanat	e, o	ligomers:
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Scenedesmus quadricauda (Green algae)): > 50 - 100 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
	dibutyltin dilaurate:		
	Toxicity to fish	:	LC50 (Fish): 3,1 mg/l Exposure time: 96 h
	Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates	:	EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1 mg/l Exposure time: 48 h
	Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants	:	EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 1 - 10 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h
	M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox- icity)	:	1
	M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity)	:	1
12.2	Persistence and degradabile No data available	ity	
12.3	Bioaccumulative potential No data available		
12.4	Mobility in soil No data available		
12.5	Results of PBT and vPvB as	se	ssment
	Product: Assessment	:	This substance/mixture contains no components considered

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to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher..

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:	
Assessment	: The substance/mixture does not contain components consid- ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
12.7 Other adverse effects	
Product:	• An environmental bazard cannot be excluded in the event of

Additional ecological infor-	:	An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of
mation		unprofessional handling or disposal.
		Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

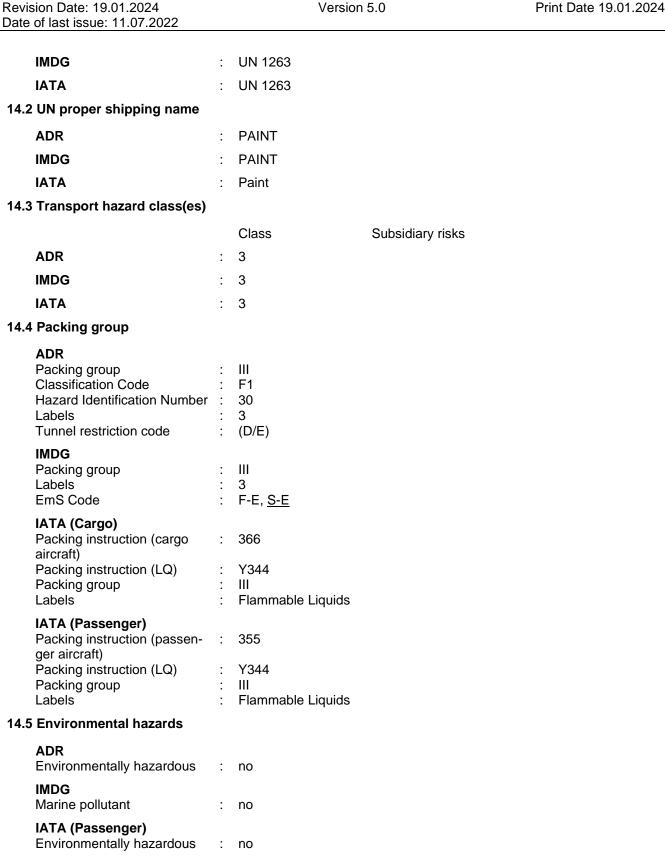
-			
	Product	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.
	European Waste Catalogue	:	08 01 11* waste paint and varnish containing organic sol- vents or other dangerous substances
	Contaminated packaging	:	15 01 10* packaging containing residues of or contaminated by dangerous substances

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN	number	or ID	number
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ADR

: UN 1263





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IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : no

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1	I Safety, health and environmen International Chemical Weapons		tion :	specific for the substance or mixture Not applicable	
	Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors				
	REACH Information:	All substances contair - registered by our up - registered by us, and - excluded from the re - exempted from the re	strea d/or gula	am suppliers, and/or ation, and/or	
	REACH - Restrictions on the mar the market and use of certain dar mixtures and articles (Annex XVI	ngerous substances,	:	Conditions of restriction for the fol- lowing entries should be considered: Number on list 3	
	REACH - Candidate List of Subst Concern for Authorisation (Article		:	None of the components are listed (=> 0.1 %).	
	REACH - List of substances subj (Annex XIV)	ect to authorisation	:	Not applicable	
	Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 o plete the ozone layer	n substances that de-	:	Not applicable	
	Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on pe tants (recast)	ersistent organic pollu-	:	Not applicable	
	Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of ment and the Council concerning of dangerous chemicals		:	dibutyltin dilaurate	
	Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU jor-accident hazards involving da P5c			t and of the Council on the control of ma-	
-					

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

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(VOCV)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 49,33% w/w

Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 49,33% w/w

Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements

H226 :	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304 :	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H312 :	Harmful in contact with skin.
H315 :	Causes skin irritation.
H317 :	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319 :	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331 :	Toxic if inhaled.
H332 :	Harmful if inhaled.
H335 :	May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 :	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341 :	Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H360FD :	May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.
H370 :	Causes damage to organs if swallowed.
H372 :	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.
H372 :	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
11070	exposure if swallowed.
H373 :	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated
1400	exposure if inhaled.
H400 :	Very toxic to aquatic life.
	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411 :	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412 :	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of other abbreviations	i
Acute Tox. :	Acute toxicity
Aquatic Acute :	Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
Aquatic Chronic :	Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard
Asp. Tox. :	Aspiration hazard
Eye Irrit.	Eye irritation
Flam. Liq.	Flammable liquids
Muta. :	Germ cell mutagenicity
Repr. :	Reproductive toxicity

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Skin Irrit. Skin Sens. STOT RE STOT SE 2000/39/EC	:	Skin irritation Skin sensitisation Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Europe. Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values
GR OEL 2000/39/EC / TWA 2000/39/EC / STEL GR OEL / TWA GR OEL / STEL ADR	:	Greece. Exposure limit values Limit Value - eight hours Short term exposure limit Long term exposure limit Short term exposure limit European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
CAS DNEL EC50 GHS IATA IMDG LD50		Dangerous Goods by Road Chemical Abstracts Service Derived no-effect level Half maximal effective concentration Globally Harmonized System International Air Transport Association International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of
LC50	:	test animals) Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation period)
MARPOL OEL	:	International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978 Occupational Exposure Limit
PBT PNEC REACH	:	Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic Predicted no effect concentration Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Reg- istration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemi- cals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency
SVHC vPvB	:	Substances of Very High Concern Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture:		Classification procedure:
Flam. Liq. 3	H226	Based on product data or assessment
Acute Tox. 4	H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 1	H372	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412	Calculation method

SAFETY DATA SHEET according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 Sikafloor[®] 410

Sikafloor®-410

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The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version !

GR / EN