according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

## Sikafloor®-410

Revision Date: 11.07.2022 Version 4.0 Print Date 11.07.2022

Date of last issue: 24.02.2021

# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

Trade name Sikafloor®-410

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product use : Polyurethane coating, Product is not intended for consumer

use

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name of supplier Sika Hellas ABEE

> 15 Protomagias Street 145 68 Kryoneri / Athens

Telephone +30 210 81 60 600 Telefax +30 210 81 60 606 E-mail address of person EHS@gr.sika.com

responsible for the SDS

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison Information Center + 30 210 77 93 777

### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Flammable liquids, Category 3 H226: Flammable liquid and vapour. Acute toxicity, Category 4 H332: Harmful if inhaled.

Skin irritation, Category 2 H315: Causes skin irritation.

Eye irritation, Category 2 H319: Causes serious eye irritation. Skin sensitisation, Category 1 H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction. Specific target organ toxicity - single ex-H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

posure, Category 3, Respiratory system Specific target organ toxicity - repeated H372: Causes damage to organs through proexposure, Category 1, Central nervous longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.

system

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated H373: May cause damage to organs through pro-

exposure, Category 2 longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Cat-H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

egory 3

#### 2.2 Label elements

### Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

## Sikafloor®-410







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H372 Causes damage to organs (Central nervous

system) through prolonged or repeated ex-

posure if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through pro-

longed or repeated exposure if inhaled.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting ef-

fects.

Precautionary statements : Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. No

smoking.

P260 Do not breathe mist or vapours.
P264 Wash skin thoroughly after handling.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/

eye protection/ face protection.

Response:

P370 + P378 In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or

alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish.

#### Hazardous components which must be listed on the label:

xylene

Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%)

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

dibutyltin dilaurate

#### **Additional Labelling**

EUH204 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

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Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

### 3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
xylene Contains: ethylbenzene <= 25 %	1330-20-7 215-535-7 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 Acute Tox. 4; H332 Acute Tox. 4; H312 Skin Irrit. 2; H315 Eye Irrit. 2; H319 STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory system) STOT RE 2; H373 Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 25 - < 40
Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n- alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aro- matics (2-25%)	Not Assigned 919-446-0 265-185-4 01-2119458049-33- XXXX [corresponding group CAS 64742-82- 1]	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336 (Central nervous system) STOT RE 1; H372 (Central nervous system) Asp. Tox. 1; H304 Aquatic Chronic 2; H411 EUH066	>= 10 - < 20
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers Contains: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate <= 0,3 %	28182-81-2 931-288-4 500-060-2 01-2119488177-26- XXXX	Acute Tox. 3; H331 Skin Sens. 1; H317 STOT SE 3; H335	>= 10 - < 20
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate Contains: 2-methoxypropyl acetate <= 1 %	108-65-6 203-603-9 01-2119475791-29- XXXX	Flam. Liq. 3; H226 STOT SE 3; H336	>= 2,5 - < 5

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dibutyltin dilaurate	77-58-7 201-039-8 01-2119496068-27- XXXX	Eye Irrit. 2; H319 Skin Sens. 1; H317 Muta. 2; H341 Repr. 1B; H360FD STOT SE 1; H370 STOT RE 1; H372 Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	>= 0,025 - < 0,25
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1	

For explanation of abbreviations see section 16.

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice : Move out of dangerous area.

Consult a physician.

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

If inhaled : Move to fresh air.

Consult a physician after significant exposure.

In case of skin contact : Take off contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.

Wash off with soap and plenty of water. If symptoms persist, call a physician.

In case of eye contact : Immediately flush eye(s) with plenty of water.

Remove contact lenses.

Keep eye wide open while rinsing.

If eye irritation persists, consult a specialist.

If swallowed : Do not induce vomiting without medical advice.

Rinse mouth with water.

Do not give milk or alcoholic beverages.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms : Cough

Respiratory disorder Allergic reactions Excessive lachrymation

Erythema Headache Dermatitis

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects

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and symptoms.

Risks irritant effects

sensitising effects

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment : Treat symptomatically.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Alcohol-resistant foam

Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Dry chemical

Unsuitable extinguishing Water

High volume water jet media

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during fire-

fighting

Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread

fire.

ucts

Hazardous combustion prod- : No hazardous combustion products are known

5.3 Advice for firefighters

for firefighters

Special protective equipment : In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal precautions Use personal protective equipment.

> Remove all sources of ignition. Deny access to unprotected persons.

Beware of vapours accumulating to form explosive concentra-

tions. Vapours can accumulate in low areas.

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#### 6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions : Prevent product from entering drains.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up : Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible ab-

sorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local

/ national regulations (see section 13).

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections

For personal protection see section 8.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling : Avoid exceeding the given occupational exposure limits (see

section 8).

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. For personal protection see section 8.

Persons with a history of skin sensitisation problems or asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this mixture is being

used.

Smoking, eating and drinking should be prohibited in the ap-

plication area.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Provide sufficient air exchange and/or exhaust in work rooms. Open drum carefully as content may be under pressure. Take necessary action to avoid static electricity discharge (which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

(which might cause ignition of organic vapours).

Follow standard hygiene measures when handling chemical

products

Advice on protection against

fire and explosion

Use explosion-proof equipment. Keep away from heat/ sparks/ open flames/ hot surfaces. No smoking. Take precautionary

manager and all attractation discharges

measures against electrostatic discharges.

Hygiene measures : Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety

practice. When using do not eat or drink. When using do not smoke. Wash hands before breaks and at the end of workday.

#### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

: Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Store in accord-

ance with local regulations.

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Further information on stor-

age stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) : Consult most current local Product Data Sheet prior to any

use.

# **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

### 8.1 Control parameters

### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

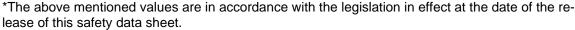
Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parame- ters *	Basis *
xylene	1330-20-7	TWA	50 ppm 221 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake			
	through the skin, Indicative			
		STEL	100 ppm 442 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
		TWA	100 ppm 435 mg/m3	GR OEL
	Further information: The notation 'skin' (D), pointing out certain			
	chemical factors of the table of paragraph of 1 article 3, implies			
	the likely contribution to of these chemical factors to the quantity			
	of exposure to workers which are absorbed through the skin at the			
	direct contact with these.			
		STEL	150 ppm 650 mg/m3	GR OEL
Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	28182-81-2	STEL	0,02 ppm 0,15 mg/m3	GR OEL
		TWA	0,01 ppm 0,075 mg/m3	GR OEL
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
	Further information: Identifies the possibility of significant uptake			
	through the skin, Indicative			
		TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	2000/39/EC
		TWA	50 ppm 275 mg/m3	GR OEL
	Further information: The notation 'skin' (D), pointing out certain			
	chemical factors of the table of paragraph of 1 article 3, implies			
	the likely contribution to of these chemical factors to the quantity			
	of exposure to workers which are absorbed through the skin at the			
	direct contact with these.			
		STEL	100 ppm 550 mg/m3	GR OEL
	•			

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### 8.2 Exposure controls

### **Engineering measures**

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### Personal protective equipment

Eye protection Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Eye wash bottle with pure water

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an ap-Hand protection

proved standard must be worn at all times when handling chemical products. Reference number EN 374. Follow manu-

facturer specifications.

Suitable for short time use or protection against splashes:

Butyl rubber/nitrile rubber gloves (> 0.1 mm) Contaminated gloves should be removed.

Suitable for permanent exposure:

Viton gloves (0.4 mm), breakthrough time >30 min.

Skin and body protection Protective clothing (e.g. Safety shoes acc. to EN ISO 20345,

> long-sleeved working clothing, long trousers). Rubber aprons and protective boots are additionally recommended for mixing

and stirring work.

Respiratory protection In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

> Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe work-

ing limits of the selected respirator.

organic vapor filter (Type A)

A1: < 1000 ppm; A2: < 5000 ppm; A3: < 10000 ppm

Ensure adequate ventilation. This can be achieved by local exhaust extraction or by general ventilation. (EN 689 - Methods for determining inhalation exposure). This applies in particular to the mixing / stirring area. In case this is not sufficent to keep the concentrations under the occupational exposure limits then respiration protection measures must be used. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

### **Environmental exposure controls**

General advice : Prevent product from entering drains.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform

respective authorities.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state liquid

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: various Colour

Odour hydrocarbon-like

Melting point/range / Freezing :

point

No data available

Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Upper explosion limit / Up- : 6,5 %(V)

per flammability limit

Lower explosion limit /

Lower flammability limit

: 0,6 %(V)

Flash point ca. 33 °C

Method: closed cup

Auto-ignition temperature 235 °C

Decomposition temperature No data available

Not applicable pΗ

substance/mixture is non-soluble (in water)

**Viscosity** 

Viscosity, kinematic  $> 20,5 \text{ mm2/s } (40 \degree \text{C})$ 

Solubility(ies)

Water solubility insoluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

No data available

: 7,9993 hPa Vapour pressure

Density ca. 0,95 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density No data available

Particle characteristics No data available

### 9.2 Other information

No data available

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

### 10.2 Chemical stability

The product is chemically stable.

### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Vapours may form explosive mixture with air.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid : Heat, flames and sparks.

Avoid moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : No data available

### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

### **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if inhaled.

### **Components:**

xylene:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 3.523 mg/kg

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.665 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity : LC50: 0,5 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist Method: Expert judgement

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): > 5.000 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 Dermal (Rabbit): > 5.000 mg/kg

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dibutyltin dilaurate:

Acute oral toxicity : LD50 Oral (Rat): 2.071 mg/kg

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

### Components:

### Hydrocarbons, C9-C12, n-alkanes, isoalkanes, cyclics, aromatics (2-25%):

Assessment : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Result : Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

### Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitisation

#### Skin sensitisation

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Respiratory sensitisation

Not classified based on available information.

### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified based on available information.

#### STOT - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

### STOT - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs (Central nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure if inhaled.

#### **Aspiration toxicity**

Not classified based on available information.

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### **Endocrine disrupting properties**

#### **Product:**

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

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### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1 Toxicity

#### Components:

xylene:

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae)): 2,2

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

Method: OECD Test Guideline 201

Toxicity to fish (Chronic tox-

icity)

NOEC: > 1.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 56 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates (Chron-

ic toxicity)

NOEC: 1,17 mg/l Exposure time: 7 d

Species: Daphnia (water flea)

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers:

Toxicity to daphnia and other :

aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): > 100 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Scenedesmus quadricauda (Green algae)): > 50 - 100

mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

dibutyltin dilaurate:

Toxicity to fish LC50 (Fish): 3,1 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

aquatic invertebrates

Toxicity to daphnia and other : EC50 (Daphnia (water flea)): 1 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic

plants

EC50 (Selenastrum capricornutum (green algae)): 1 - 10 mg/l

Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic tox-

icity)

1

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic

toxicity)

1

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

No data available

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data available

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12.4 Mobility in soil

No data available

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### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**Product:** 

Assessment : This substance/mixture contains no components considered

to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of

0.1% or higher...

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Product:** 

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components consid-

ered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at

levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

**Product:** 

Additional ecological infor-

mation

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of

unprofessional handling or disposal.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized

wherever possible.

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe

way.

Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed

waste disposal contractor.

Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional

local authority requirements.

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with

soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

European Waste Catalogue : 08 01 11\* waste paint and varnish containing organic sol-

vents or other dangerous substances

Contaminated packaging : 15 01 10\* packaging containing residues of or contaminated

by dangerous substances

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### 14.1 UN number

ADR : UN 1263 IMDG : UN 1263 IATA : UN 1263

#### 14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR : PAINT
IMDG : PAINT
IATA : Paint

### 14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

 ADR
 : 3

 IMDG
 : 3

 IATA
 : 3

#### 14.4 Packing group

### **ADR**

Packing group : III
Classification Code : F1
Hazard Identification Number : 30
Labels : 3
Tunnel restriction code : (D/E)

#### IMDG

Packing group : III Labels : 3

EmS Code : F-E, <u>S-E</u>

### IATA (Cargo)

Packing instruction (cargo : 366

aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

### IATA (Passenger)

Packing instruction (passen- : 355

ger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ) : Y344
Packing group : III

Labels : Flammable Liquids

#### 14.5 Environmental hazards

### **ADR**

Environmentally hazardous : no

#### **IMDG**

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Marine pollutant : no

IATA (Passenger)

Environmentally hazardous : no

IATA (Cargo)

Environmentally hazardous : no

### 14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and variations in regional or country regulations.

### 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Not applicable for product as supplied.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances,

mixtures and articles (Annex XVII)

Conditions of restriction for the following entries should be considered:

Number on list 3

International Chemical Weapons Convention (CWC)

Schedules of Toxic Chemicals and Precursors

: Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High

Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).

None of the components are listed

(=> 0.1 %).

REACH - List of substances subject to authorisation

(Annex XIV)

: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that de-

: Not applicable

Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollu-

tants (recast)

Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the European Parliament and the Council concerning the export and import

of dangerous chemicals

plete the ozone layer

dibutyltin dilaurate

REACH Information: All substances contained in our Products are

- registered by our upstream suppliers, and/or

- registered by us, and/or

excluded from the regulation, and/orexempted from the registration.

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of major-accident hazards involving dangerous substances.

P5c FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

Volatile organic compounds : Law on the incentive tax for volatile organic compounds

(VOCV)

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 49,33% w/w

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

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Directive 2010/75/EU of 24 November 2010 on industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) Volatile organic compounds (VOC) content: 49,33% w/w

#### Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 92/85/EEC regarding maternity protection or stricter national regulations, where applicable.

### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this mixture by the supplier.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### **Full text of H-Statements**

H226 : Flammable liquid and vapour.

H304 : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H312 : Harmful in contact with skin.

H315 : Causes skin irritation.

H317 : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319 : Causes serious eye irritation.

H331 : Toxic if inhaled. H332 : Harmful if inhaled.

H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.
H336 : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341 : Suspected of causing genetic defects.

H360FD : May damage fertility. May damage the unborn child.

H370 : Causes damage to organs if swallowed.

H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

H372 : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if swallowed.

H373 : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure if inhaled.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410
 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H411
 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
 H412
 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Full text of other abbreviations

Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity

Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

Asp. Tox. : Aspiration hazard
Eye Irrit. : Eye irritation
Flam. Liq. : Flammable liquids
Muta. : Germ cell mutagenicity
Repr. : Reproductive toxicity

Skin Irrit. : Skin irritation
Skin Sens. : Skin sensitisation

STOT RE : Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

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STOT SE Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

2000/39/EC : Europe, Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first

list of indicative occupational exposure limit values

Greece. Exposure limit values **GR OEL** Limit Value - eight hours 2000/39/EC / TWA Short term exposure limit 2000/39/EC / STEL Long term exposure limit GR OEL / TWA GR OEL / STEL Short term exposure limit

**ADR** European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road

CAS **Chemical Abstracts Service** Derived no-effect level DNEL

EC50 Half maximal effective concentration

GHS Globally Harmonized System IATA International Air Transport Association

**IMDG** International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

Median lethal dosis (the amount of a material, given all at LD50

once, which causes the death of 50% (one half) of a group of

test animals)

LC50 Median lethal concentration (concentrations of the chemical in

air that kills 50% of the test animals during the observation

period)

MARPOL International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from

Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978

Occupational Exposure Limit OEL

**PBT** Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic **PNEC** Predicted no effect concentration

Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament REACH

> and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency

> > Based on product data or assessment

**SVHC** Substances of Very High Concern

H226

vPvB Very persistent and very bioaccumulative

#### **Further information**

Flam. Lig. 3

#### Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

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Acute Tox. 4	H332	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2	H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2	H319	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1	H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3	H335	Calculation method
STOT RE 1	H372	Calculation method
STOT RE 2	H373	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412	Calculation method

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006

# Sikafloor®-410

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The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet corresponds to our level of knowledge at the time of publication. All warranties are excluded. Our most current General Sales Conditions shall apply. Please consult the product data sheet prior to any use and processing.

Changes as compared to previous version!

GR / EN